

4-Man Mechanics Quiz

- 1. If an umpire decides to go for help on any play (not including check swings), which other members of the crew should join the requesting umpire?**
 - A. A maximum of one other umpire
 - B. Only the umpire who would most likely have the best information
 - C. **All members of the crew**
- 2. With a runner on second base only and a fair foul decision down the third base line that requires U3 to go out, which umpire is responsible for a play on the batter-runner at second base?**
 - A. **U2 will take R2 to third base and U1 will take the batter-runner to second base**
 - B. U2 will be responsible for any play that develops at either second or third base
 - C. U2 will take the first play that develops at either second or third base. If the first play develops at third, then U1 will have any secondary play at second base.
- 3. With no runners on base and a routine fly ball to straight away center field, who is responsible for a play on the batter-runner at second base?**
 - A. U2 will come into second base and give the fly ball to U1. U2 may take this play at second base on the inside or outside of the diamond.
 - B. U2 will stay on the outside of the diamond, take the catch no catch in center field and be in position to take a play at second on the batter-runner.
 - C. **With no runners on base, an umpire will go out on all fly balls. U2 will go out on this routine fly ball and force U3 to come across the diamond to take any play on the batter-runner at second base.**
- 4. Under the principles of "Getting the Call Right", which statement is most correct?**
 - A. With runners on second and third, a call of catch may not be reversed to a no catch
 - B. With runners on second and third, a call of catch may be reversed to no catch and the bases will then be loaded.
 - C. **With runners on second and third, a call of catch may be reversed to no catch and the runner from third will score, the runner on second will be moved to third and the batter will be placed at first base.**
- 5. Which of the following statements are NOT true?**
 - A. Once any individual is ejected, the non-calling official should immediately come in and walk the ejected individual off the field. The non-calling official should be the one that issues any prolonged arguing suspension. Effective with the 2017 season, if any ejected individual after being warned does not leave the field immediately, they are subject to a 2-game suspension for prolonged arguing.
 - B. It is now required by the NCAA that any official warning that takes place will be "This is your warning. By rule, if you continue, you will leave me no other option than to eject or suspend you". Knock it off. I heard you, or I don't want to hear anymore, are NOT acceptable means of issuing an official warning!
 - C. **If a pitcher intentionally throws at a hitter and the home plate umpire does not issue a warning or eject the pitcher, no other umpire on the crew shall step in and issue the warning or eject the pitcher. It can only be done by the home plate umpire.**
- 6. If you observe another member of your crew misapplying a rule, which of the following statements apply?**
 - A. **You should always get the attention of the calling official and get the crew together to make sure everyone has all of the information correct and that the rule is being applied properly.**
 - B. You only get together with your crew if the calling official requests a conference.
 - C. As long as the head coach does not come out onto the field, don't get involved.
- 7. Which of the of the following statements are not true regarding a crew getting together?**
 - A. If a coach requests the crew to get together, the requesting coach must return to his position before the crew will get together. If the call is not changed, the coach is not allowed to again leave his position or to further argue the call.
 - B. If after a crew huddle the call is changed, the opposing coach is entitled to an explanation from the crew.
 - C. **If a call is going to be changed, the crew should discuss prior to leaving the huddle who will go over and explain the change to the coach. The crew Chief should always be the official that gives the signal when leaving the huddle.**

8. If the first base umpire must take the batter runner to second base, which of the following statements are not true?

- A. The umpire should always take the batter-runner to second base and take an angle that will allow the umpire to be stopped and set ahead of the batter-runner to see the play at second base.
- B. The umpire should always pivot near the grass cut-out at second base.
- C. When taking a batter-runner to second base, you must always see the touch of first base and look for any obstruction or interference that could occur near first base.

9. With a runner on first base only, which statement below best fits the situation?

- A. If the first base umpire goes out, the home plate umpire will take any play on the batter-runner back into first base. The home plate umpire may take this play in either fair or foul territory.
- B. If the first base umpire goes out, the second base umpire is responsible for any play at first base.
- C. The first base umpire should not go out on troubled balls with a runner on first base.

10. Which of the following statements are not correct regarding runners on first & third base.

- A. If the third base umpire goes out, the first base umpire moves into the infield and observes the batter-runner's base touch at first and has all plays on the batter-runner at first and second base.
- B. If the third base umpire goes out and R1 commits to third base, the first base umpire will rotate to home. The second base umpire will have any play on the batter-runner at first or second base.
- C. If the third base umpire goes out, the second base umpire observes the base touches of R1 at second and third base and has all plays on R1 at second and third, plus the batter-runner at third base.

11. Which of the following statements are not correct regarding fly ball responsibilities with runners on first and third base.

- A. If the first base umpire goes out, the second base umpire will take the tag-up at first base and be responsible for any play that develops at first or second base.
- B. The third base umpire will stay in foul territory, line up the tag of R3 and be responsible for any play that develops at third base.
- C. When the first base umpire goes out, the second base umpire will take the tag-up at first base and slide into the cutout at first. The third base umpire will come across the diamond and take any play that develops at second base. The Home Plate umpire will take the tag-up at third base.